Development of a LAMP based assay to identify bacterial species causing clinical mastitis in cattle

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Mastitis

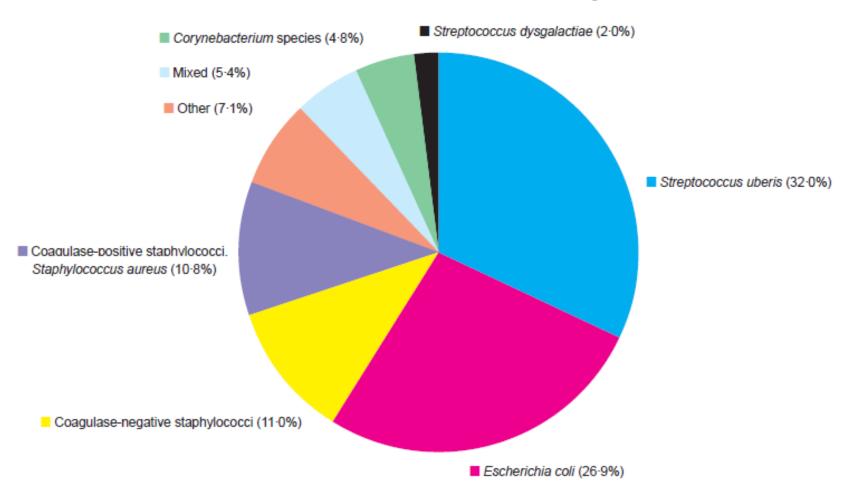
- Inflammation of the mammary gland caused by a bacterial infection
- Clinical or subclinical
- Requires treatment (Antimicrobials, NSAIDs)







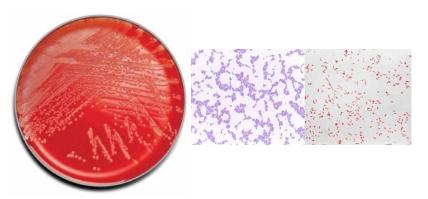
Mastitis Etiology



(Bradley et al., 2007)

Diagnostic tools available

- Bacteriological culture
- PCR
- On farm culture (selective media)

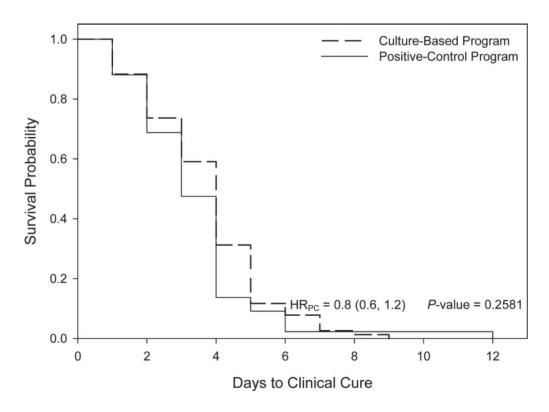






http://extension. msstate.edu

Clinical Mastitis Selective Treatment (on farm culture)

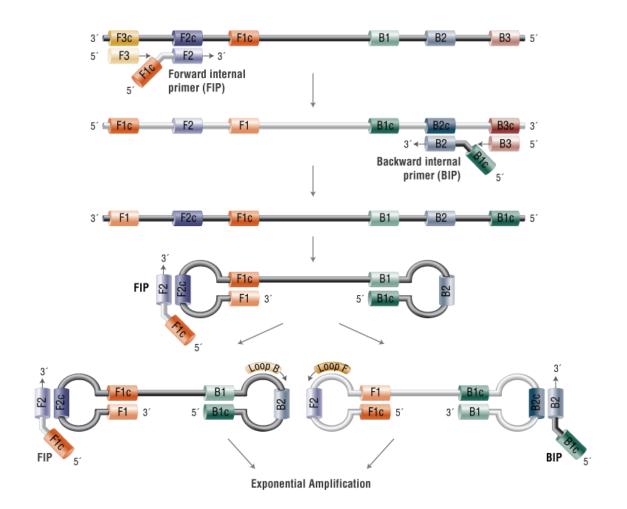


Reduction of antimicrobial usage without reducing the cure rate

(Lago *et al.*, 2011)

LAMP as pen side test?

Loop-mediated isothermal amplification



PCR vs LAMP

| PCR | LAMP |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Requires temperature cycling | Isothermal – single temperature (~60 °C) |
| Typically >1hr | Typically <30 min |
| yield ~ 0.2 μg | yield ~ 10–20 μg |
| Not amenable to visual detection | Amenable to visual detection based on turbidity colour change |
| Sensitive to sample matrix inhibitors | Tolerant to sample matrix inhibitors |
| Can be multiplexed | Difficult to multiplex |

Project plan

- 1. Identify candidate target genes
- Design and produce LAMP primers to target candidate genes identified in collaboration with Mast Group Ltd
- 3. Test the LAMP primers with DNA extracted from representative isolates
- 4. Test the LAMP reaction with DNA extracted from milk
- 5. Test alternative DNA extraction methods and the use of crude samples, where no DNA extraction takes place
- 6. Test alternative reporting methods, which do not require complex or expensive equipment (i.e. colour change or precipitation which may be evaluated with the naked eye)